HENRY, ILLINOIS

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* FEB 1 5 1960 *

U. S. Department of Agriculture

OFFERING THE FINEST COMPLETE LINE OF NURSERY STOCK, THE LARGEST DRIVE—IN SALES DEPARTMENT AND THE MOST COMPLETE LANDSCAPING SERVICE IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS.

STANDARD NURSERY STOCK GUARANTEE

We will resupply once, at one half the original price, any tree, shrub, vine or evergreen (no other plants guaranteed) that fails to survive the first growing season, provided the plants have received proper care and that payment of the bill has been made when due.

Perennials and roses failing to come through the winter will not be replaced.

All plant failures must be reported IN WRITING by Sept. 1. Labor for planting of all replacements is charged for on the same basis as new planting.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

All nursery stock is sold cash | subject to change without notice. with order or C.O.D. We reserve the right to increase list price on special selections in the field.

The prices in this catalog apply to spring 1960, cancel all previously published prices, and are

Any stock selected in our fields for future delivery requires a 20% deposit which is not refundable.

All orders are subject to 31/2%sales tax.

Place Your Orders Early.

Time payment plan available for landscape work.

DELIVERY CONDITIONS

Under normal conditions, we give free delivery on all orders over \$25.00 within a radius of 45 miles of Henry. A delivery charge of \$1.00 will be made on all orders under \$25.00 outside the city limits of Henry. To save bookkeeping, all small orders for delivery must be paid in advance.

Our trucks will make spot deliveries anywhere at cost.

The majority of nursery stock can be hauled in an ordinary passenger car.

We reserve the right to make an additional charge on express and Parcel Post shipments to cover cost of special packing.

SATISFACTION IS CO-OPERATION

PLEASE REMEMBER plants are living things, requiring plant food and water and protection from disease, weeds, and dogs. CARE is the difference between strong, healthy, satisfactory growth, and weak sickly stragglers.

GIFT CERTIFICATES

FATHER'S DAY MOTHER'S DAY CHRISTMAS BIRTHDAYS **ANNIVERSARIES**

Do it the easy way on that next special occasion and give them a gift certificate for plants that will live and become more beautiful thru the years. (available in any denomination)

EVERGREENS

We offer the most complete line of evergreens that can be seen in the Midwest.

Evergreens are invaluable for beautifying grounds. They are used for specimens on the lawn and also extensively for massing, shelter-belts, screens, and hedges.

For planting around the house as a foundation planting, they give a color and warmth that cannot be obtained with any other tree. Only an inspection of our stock can give an adequate idea of the variety of color effect they present.

A good many fail with evergreens on account of improper treatment. EVERGREENS MUST BE HANDLED FRESH, FREQUENT WATERING AND CULTIVATION during the first year will guarantee success.

All Evergreens Are Balled and Burlaped.

ARBOR VITAE

AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE—One of t	he most
valuable of the native evergreens. I	t thrives
in a moist situation. Fine for windbre	aks, and
for ornamental hedges, as it shears	well and
makes a very dense hedge. Called	the post
cedar in Wisconsin. Our stock is pre	opagated
from select strains.	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$2.50

18 to 24 inches	2.50
2 to 3 feet	3.75
3 to 4 feet	4.75
4 to 5 feet	6.50

GLOBE ARBOR VITAE—This dwarf variety of very dense, compact growth maintains a natural globe shape without trimming. Grows very dense and round; is admirably adapted for foundation planting. Each

15	to	18	inches	\$4.0	0
18	to	24	inches	5.0	0

ORIENTAL ARBOR VITAE (Chinese Arbor Vitae)
—An introduction from China which has proven very hardy. Has flat, fan-type foliage with rich green color. A strong, rapid grower which can be used as windbreaks or sheared to land-scape specimens.

Each

3	to	4	feet	 54.00

pyramidal arbor vitae — A dwarf variety of compact growth and very narrow upright habit, and of a deep, green color. Makes a straight, narrow column. Hardy everywhere except in dense shade and splendid for formal plantings.

plantings.	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$2.75
30 to 36 inches	4.50
3 to 3½ feet	5.50
3½ to 4 feet	6.50
4 to 5 feet	7.50
5 to 6 feet	

JUNIPERS

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PYRAMIDALIS (Pyramid Chinese Juniper)—This is a propagated form of the seedling Chinese Juniper which we have selected and grown on its own roots. The juvenile foliage is light green and turns to steel blue when mature. Very formal in habit.

3 to 3½ feet	\$6.75
3½ to 4 feet	8.25
4 to 5 feet	10.00
5 to 6 feet	13.50

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper)—Low, irregular, spreading, vase-shaped of bush-like form, with dense, gray-green foliage of soft, feathery appearance. Extremely hardy, and will grow anywhere. Very valuable for foundation and group plantings. Each 4-year-old, from 1-gal. can \$2.00 15 to 18 inches \$4.00 18 to 24 inches \$5.00 24 to 30 inches \$7.50 30 to 36 inches \$10.00 3 to 3½ feet \$12.50

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, KAL-LAY'S COMPACTA—This was developed by an Ohio nursery and is characterized by its dense habit. Foliage is the same color as the regular Pfitzer but somewhat finer in texture. Each 12 to 15 inches \$3.50 15 to 18 inches 5.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, NICK'S COMPACTA—This plant was developed by a Kentucky nursery and has a dense habit. The foliage is more coarse than the Kallay's. Each 15 to 18 inches \$5.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, HILL'S
GOLDEN—This Pfitzer is identical in habit to
the regular Pfitzer except that the tips of the
branches are gold in color. Each
15 to 18 inches \$4.00
18 to 24 inches 5.00
24 to 30 inches 7.50

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA GLAUCA (Silver Pfitzer)—Identical in habit to the reg- ular Pfitzer, but it has a true blue color which makes an excellent contrast with other low types. Each 15 to 18 inches \$4.50 18 to 24 inches 6.00	JUNIPERUS MEYERI (Meyer Juniper)—It is an attractive form of irregular habit, with short straight branches. The foliage is plump, pointed and prickly, is concave on the upper side and a shiny blue color. It is a slow-growing variety which thrives to best advantage in a sunny location. Each 12 to 15 inches 53.00 15 to 18 inches 4.50
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Vase-Shaped Juniper)—Similar in foliage to the Canadian Juniper, but with a more erect habit forming a distinct vase. Each 15 to 18 inches	JUNIPERUS SABINA (Savin Juniper)—A low, much-branched, spreading shrub 2 to 3 feet in height; its branches well supplied with short, straight, tufted branchlets, which are well covered with dark green foliage. 15 to 18 inches \$3.75 18 to 24 inches 5.00 24 to 30 inches 6.50
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS HIBERNICA (Irish Juniper)—Dwarf growing Juniper of very upright, dense, columnar habit, with bluish-green foliage. Makes a narrow column. Each 3 to 3½ feet	JUNIPERUS SABINA FASTIGATA (Upright Sαvin) —Foliage similar to the regular Savin Juniper but habit entirely different. Broad pyramidal shape, making it an ideal evergreen for the modern style of architecture.
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS PLUMOSA (Andora Juniper)—A low-growing, spreading, dwarf evergreen that is excellent for terrace and rock garden plantings. Color of foliage is blue-green in summer and orchid in winter. Each 4-year-old, from 1-gal. cans \$2.00 15 to 18 inches \$4.00 18 to 24 inches \$5.00 24 to 30 inches \$7.50 30 to 36 inches \$10.00	JUNIPERUS SABINA TAMARISIFOLIA (Tamarisk Juniper)—A low form of the Junipers, spreading habit, and is noted for its excellent green winter color. Very hardy and popular wherever grown. Each 12 to 15 inches \$3.25 to 18 inches 4.00
JUNIPERUS EXCELSA STRICTA (Spiny Greek Juniper)—A native of Greece; forms a tall, dense, narrow, conical shape, tapering gradually from the ground to a sharp terminal point; fine glaucous color with very closegrowing needles. Each 15 to 18 inches \$3.00 18 to 24 inches 4.00 24 to 30 inches 5.00 30 to 36 inches 6.50	JUNIPERUS SQUAMATA (Procumbens or Japonica Juniper)—One of the best prostrate evergreens. Never grows over 12 inches in height, spreads slowly, and has a rich blue-green color during all seasons. Each 15 to 18 inches \$4.00 18 to 24 inches 5.50 24 to 30 inches 7.50
JUNIPERUS HETZI—A new semi-upright spreading evergreen introduced by a Pennsylvania nursery, which has proven very hardy and is a very strong grower. Foliage is a fresh bluegreen color. Develops with a higher spread than the regular Pfitzer type. Each 15 to 18 inches \$ 3.75 18 to 24 inches \$ 5.00 24 to 30 inches \$ 7.00 30 to 36 inches \$ 9.50	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA (Red Cedar)—A well-known evergreen of compact pyramidal growth. The dense foliage is a bright bluish-green when fresh, maturing to a deep bronze-green during the winter. It can be trimmed in any desired shape or form, and is used a good deal in topiary work. Stack 3 to 3½ feet \$5.50 3½ to 4 feet 6.50 4 to 5 feet 7.50
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS DOUGLASI (Waukegan Juniper)—A trailer of low, dense habit, covering the ground while not growing over six inches in height. The color of the foliage is a soft blue. 15 to 18 inches \$4.00 18 to 24 inches 5.50	JUNIPERUS VON EHRON—A semi-upright evergreen with light green foliage. Ideal for hiding high foundations as it grows to a spread and height of six to eight feet. Very vigorous and hardy. 18 to 24 inches \$5.00 24 to 30 inches 7.00 30 to 36 inches 10.00

GRAFTED JUNIPERS

JUNIPERUS VIRG. KETELEERI (Keteleer's Cedar) —Has a compact, formal outline, making a thick, dark green pyramid. The branchlets, disposed regularly along the branches, are more fleshy than in most Junipers. Has large berries in fall. 30 to 36 inches \$6.00 3 to 3½ feet \$7.00 3½ to 4 feet \$9.00 4 to 5 feet \$12.50

5 to 6 feet ______ 15.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS COLUMARIS GLAUCA (Blue Column Chinese Juniper)—Very popular upright Juniper because of its bright, rich bluegreen color the year around. Does not discolor in winter and will stand adverse conditions where other varieties fail. 24 to 30 inches \$5.00 30 to 36 inches \$5.00 3 to 3½ feet \$9.00 3½ to 4 feet \$11.00 4 to 5 feet \$13.50

JUNIPERUS VIRG. CANNARTI (Cannart Juniper) —The most popular of the cedars, having a rich green foliage keeping a fine green winter color. It make a pyramidal specimen of medium growth. Most trees bear blue berries in the fall. Solve to 36 inches \$6.50 and 10.50 are to 6 feet \$11.00 and 10.50 are to 6 feet \$10.50 are the cedars, having a property and the cedars and the cedars

JUNIPERUS VIRG. BURKI (Burk's Cedαr)—A very popular Juniper with attractive blue-green from iage. Can be trimmed to a broad, upright from the which holds its color the entire ye Vigorous grower.	ol- or- ar.
24 to 30 inches	.00
30 to 36 inches	50
3 to 3½ feet	
3½ to 4 feet	.00
4 to 5 feet	.50
1 10 0 1001	

JUNIPERUS VIRG. PYRAFORMIDIA (Hill's Dundee Juniper)—One of the most interesting of the new evergreens. Foliage is a bluish-green in spring and summer, changing to plum-like color in the fall and winter. Grows dense and formal without much shearing. Each 24 to 30 inches \$4.75 30 to 36 inches 6.50 3 to 3½ feet 9.00 3½ to 4 feet 11.00 4 to 5 feet 13.50

FIR

useful ar	nd beaut	tiful ever	rgreens fo	of the most or landscape or pyramidal
growth,	and its	fine-tex	tured de	nse foliage.
01000				

18 to 24 inches	3.25
	5.00
3 to 4 feet	7.50

HEMLOCK

TUSGA CANADENSIS-The American Hemloc	k is
considered one of the handsomest native ev	ver-
green trees in Eastern North America. T	hey
demand plenty of room to develop their cl	nar-
acteristic beauty. Young trees will endur	e a
great deal of shade.	ach
18 to 24 inches	4.00
2 to 3 feet	6.50
3 to 4 feet	2.50

PINES

AUSTRIAN PINE—Very hardy growing, with massive needles 6 to 10 inches long of deep green color on the surface and bluish-white underneath. Habit of growth tall and well-rounded. One of our outstanding specimen trees.

18 to 24 inches

5.00

18 to 24 inches	3.75
2 to 3 feet	5.00
3 to 4 feet	7.50 2.50
4 (0) Teet	7.50

MUGHO PINE—A dense, low, round, shrub-like
Pine of dark green foliage extremely slow
growth. Fine for planting in front of other
trees
Each
12 to 15 inches
15 to 18 inches
5.00

SCOTCH PINE—Large, cone-bearing evergreer
tree with irregular crown, spreading branches
and blue-green foliage. Bark reddish-brown
on older trunks becoming gravish and lissured
into scaly plates. Resistant to city smoke. Each
18 to 24 inches
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet

white pine—Hardy ornamental Pine of very rapid growth. Needles soft bluish-green, long and slender. Easily moved by the slightest breeze, so that a constant sighing and moaning is kept up which has long been the theme of the poets.

18 to 24 inches
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
4 to 5 feet

12.50

SPRUCE

COLORADO SPRUCE (The seedling form of the
Blue Spruce)—A great majority are of greenish
cast with a slightly bluish tendency. The blue
color is more pronounced during the late spring
and summer months.
12 to 15 inches from containers.

12 to 15 inches from containers,	
choice color	2.75
Per 10	25.00
18 to 24 inches	6.50
24 to 30 inches	
30 to 36 inches	
3 to 3½ feet	20.00

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE — The select of the Colorado Spruce called "Shiners," sell at 65c per inch.

KOSTER GRAFTED BLUE SPRUCE-The King of all evergreens. Available in sizes 22 to 34 inches at \$1.50 per inch.

NORWAY SPRUCE-Large, fast-growing tree of Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. 18 to 24 inches ______\$2.75

YEW (Taxus)

TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)—This variety is
very popular because of its dense habit and
rich green color. It differs from the regular
Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in
shape. Responds readily to trimming and
makes an excellent low hedge. Each
12 to 15 inches \$ 5.00
15 to 18 inches
18 to 24 inches 10.00

TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Spreading Yew)—Similar to the upright type, except its spreading habit, growing slightly higher than the spreading Junipers. Like all Yews, grows in shady locations.

TAXUS CUSPIDATA NANA (Dwf. Jap Yew)-Foliage is darker than the regular spreading yew, slower growing, denser in habit, and well adapted for planting in confined areas. Each

TAXUS CAPITATA (Upright Yew)—One of the most beautiful of the evergreens. It grows slowly with a delightful irregularity of outline; its many branches covered with the rich, waxen, green foliage characteristic of all yews. Some trees have bright red berries in the fall. 18 to 24 inches \$ 9.50 24 to 30 inches 12.50

			LDI (Hat		
			al shape		
			spreading		
habit	makes it	valuable	for thick	hedges	as well
as spe	cimen p	lanting.			Each
15 to	18 inch	es			\$8.50
TAVIIC	MEDIA	HICKSI	(Hick's	Vow)_	A WORW

interesting Yew of an upright type, growing in an extreme, narrow, column bush. It is fairly rapid-growing and has a deeper green color than most Yews. Slender type only.

TAXUS HENRYI—Improved form of Densiforma. Excellent for any type of yew planting as this variety can be sheared to any desired shape.

15 to 18 inches 6.75

TAXUS HUNNIWELLIANA (Hunniwell Yew)-Darker color than the regular spreading yew and one of the best yews for bearing red berries in fall.

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

DAPHNE SOMERSET-A medium growing shrub covered with blue-green almost evergreen leaves. Each stem is tipped with dense clusters of rose-pink, tragrant flowers in April and May.

EUONYMUS EMERALD CHARM - One of the new Euonymus which is columnar in habit and can be used as a pillar Lhrub, hedge, or pyra-

mid. Will grow where climate prohibits the use of boxwood and holly.

2 yr. from container\$1.25

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) —Lowest growing of the evergreen winter-creepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome.

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)-Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover.

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS (Minefolia)-Small round foliage, sometimes called Common Wintercreeper. One of the best vine types as it is strong growing and will cling to walls.

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS "SARCOXIE" (New Upright Euonymus)—New, distinct hardy type. Leaves glossy, thick, and hold color well in winter. 15 to 18 inches B & B 4.75

1960 SPRIN
tercreeper)—A strong growing variety, with large glossy leaves, and producing bright orange-red berries, which remain on the plant most of the winter. As a hardy evergreen ground and wall cover, this plant is unequaled. 3 yr. from 1-gal. cans
euonymus patens erectus—Is a handsome, nearly evergreen species, with large light green leaves. Has dense, upright, bushy growth. Excellent for shady places. 3 yr. From 1-gal. cans
HEDERA HELIX GRACILIS (Baltica Ivy)—Identical in habit with the English Ivy, but foliage not as large and more cut; a most graceful vine; perfectly hardy and a splendid evergreen vine on walls with north exposures; also an excellent ground cover.
From quart cans
ILEX GLABRA (Inkberry)—A much-branched upright shrub with foliage that is glossy bright green, becoming yellow-green in winter. Dislikes shade. Semi-evergreen. Each 18 to 24 inches B & B
ILEX OPACA (American Holly)—The well-known, red-berried, American Christmas Holly. Not available in sexed plants. Must be planted in sheltered location. Each 2 to 3 feet B & B
ILEX CONVEXA HETZI (Hetz Japanese Holly) — Compact, dense shrub, wider than tall. Small, shiny, curved leaves. Must be planted in shel- tered locations. 12 to 15 inches B & B
KOREAN BOXWOOD—The only hardy boxwood that can be used in Central Ill. Small, light green leaves, shears readily, making an excellent dwarf hedge. 15 to 18 inches B & B
MAHONIA AQUIFOLIUM (Oregon Grape Holly) —It has handsome, spiny, dark green lustrous leaves which take on a bronzy tone in the fall. The clusters of yellow flowers are showy in the spring, and later the bluish-black bloomy fruits are attractive. 3 yr. from 1 gal. cans 51.75 15 to 18 inches B & B 4.00 18 to 24 inches B & B 6.00
PACHYSANDRA (Jap Spurge)—Evergreen ground cover of the root running type. Must have partial shade. 2-yr. from 1-qt. cans
Per 100 \$30.00
PIERIS JAPONICA (Japanese Andromeda)—Handsome, shiny dark green foliage which colors in Fall. Pendulous white flower clusters on top of bush in summer.
12 to 15 inches B & B

PYRACANTHA LALANDI (Firethorne)-A most
remarkable fruiting evergreen shrub. Bears at-
tractive large trusses of white flowers during
the late Spring followed by an abundance of
brilliant orange-scarlet berries which remain
late in the winter. It prefers a sandy soil and
warm location. Each
3 yr. from 5-qt. cans

RHODODENDRON, HYBRIDS — We offer this flowering plant in several named varieties. In order to have success with Rhododendrons, you must have the proper location. They do very well if planted where the winter sun does not strike, and with a soil mixture of about one-third peat.

18 to 24 inches from 5-gal cans\$9.50

TEUCRIUM CHAMAEDRYS—Shrublike plant of moderate growth. Has shiny dark leaves which hang on all winter. Resembles dwarf boxwood and may be used where the latter is not hardy. Can be clipped to suit any height up to 12 inches. Used extensively as an edging for formal beds.

VINCA MINOR (Myrtle)—Old time dense evergreen ground cover for sun and shade. Blooms in summer with light blue flowers.

2-yr. fron	1-qt.	cans	45c
Per 100			\$35.00

SMALL EVERGREEN COLLECTION

Every season we have innumerable requests for young evergreen transplants suitable for growing on in the garden.

We offer the following list of 3-year-old transplants at 75c each, except varieties marked * which are \$1.75.

Do not confuse these with mail order seedlings, as we only sell young, vigorous plants, ready for the field.

No order accepted for less than five plants, or after April 10. Customer will be notified when trees are ready to pick up, or they can be shipped Parcel Post with an additional charge of 65 cents per order.

American Arbor Vitae
Globe Arbor Vitae
Pyramidalis Arbor Vitae
Pfitzer Juniper
Blue Pfitzer Juniper
Savin Juniper
Scotch Pine
Burki Juniper
Mugho Pine
Douglas Fir
Colorado Spruce

Norway Spruce
Browni Yew
Spreading Yew
Upright Yew
Hick's Yew
Hunniwell Yew
Andora Juniper
*Cannart Juniper
*Hill's Dundee Juniper
*Blue Column Juniper
Austrian Pine

We are open on Sundays, March 6 through May 15, and September 4 through November 13.

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Note: Sizes				
to 6 feet,	or measu	red by t	the diame	ter of the
stem 12 2½ inches		ove the	ground,	i.e., 2 to

Prices following are based on the trees being dug naked root, except where noted as B. & B.

B. and B. means that the tree is dug with a solid ball of earth. With this method, the small hair roots are not disturbed.

Special quotations will be made on any of the trees B. and B. See end of shade tree section.

ASH, MOUNTAIN—Hardy tree, head dense and regular, beautiful fern-like foliage, distinctly ornamental. Covered with clusters of bright red berries from July until winter. The combination of foliage and clusters of fruit makes it a very beautiful tree for planting. Each 6 to 8 feet \$5.00 8 to 10 feet \$7.00 1½ to 2 inches \$10.00

BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE—A graceful tall tree, showing a white bark as it matures. A fine ornamental tree in any position, especially in evergreen group where the bark shows up most effectively.

5 to 6 feet (Spring only)

6 to 8 feet

7.00

1½ to 2 inches

9.00

BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE CLUMPS—We recommend the planting of three individual trees in one hole to prevent splitting after the trees are mature. The trees should be assorted sizes and crooked. We offer a special for this type of planting as follows:

2 to 2½ inches ______11.00

BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING—Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping foliage presents attractive characteristics rarely met in a single tree.

4 to 5 feet (Spring only)

8 to 10 feet

10 to 12 feet

10.50

1½ to 2 inches

Each

15.00

FLOWERING CRABS

ALMEY—A new hybrid which has large blossoms of glistening red petals, white markings at base of each, giving the effect of a five-pointed star. The scarlet fruits are retained until spring, furnishing food for winter birds. Very hardy and disease resistant.

HOPA—Beautiful in bloom, beautiful in foliage, beautiful in fruit. A blaze of red in the spring. From midsummer until severe freezing, the clusters of small, red Crab Apples gleam brightly along the branches. The fruit makes a very fine jelly.

4 to 5 feet \$2.75

RINGO—Of medium size and upright growth, this tree bears pink flowers. The large, dark green, very shiny foliage is particularly handsome. This is the only variety of Malus with a shiny leaf. The fruit is one inch in diameter and bright orange in color.

 4 to 5 feet
 \$3.50

 5 to 6 feet
 4.75

 6 to 8 feet B & B
 11.50

SHADE TREES (cont.)

CHINESE CHESTNUT—One of the best of the nut trees for this climate. Blight resistant, nuts are larger than the American Chestnut and are equally sweet and good. Makes a very ornamental, low, bushy tree which is slow growing, but bears when small. Each 6 to 8 feet B & B ________\$12.50 8 to 10 feet B & B ________\$17.50

1960 SPRING
ELM CHRISTINE BUISMAN—An erect tree with ascending branches that form a pyramidal head. The handsome foliage is dense and dark green. Repeated tests by U.S.D.A. show that this elm is immune to Phloem Necrosis and highly resistant to Dutch Elm disease. Each 1½ to 2 inches \$10.00
ELM, CHINESE—Of recent introduction from China, is native of Turkestan to Siberia. Of extremely rapid growth while young, but does not make a large tree. Foliage is small and dense; growth symmetrical and compact. Especially adapted to arid regions, succeeds everywhere. 1 to 1½ inches or 6 to 8 feet \$3.00 1½ to 1¾ inches or 8 to 10 feet \$4.25 1¾ to 2 inches 7.50 2 to 2½ inches 10.00
ELM, HYBRID—A cross between Chinese and American Elm. Habit of growth similar to American Elm but with the rapid growth of the Chinese Elm. Branches are straight and strong and do not break in high winds. Large dark green leaves. Very hardy and resistant to disease. 6 to 8 feet \$4.75 8 to 10 feet 6.50 10 to 12 feet 9.00
GINKGO BILOBA (Maidenhair Tree)—Leaves are shaped like the maidenhair fern. Makes a handsome, picturesque, lawn specimen. The oldest shade tree in cultivation. Very hardy and disease-resistant. Each 6 to 8 feet \$7.50 8 to 10 feet 11.50
HORNBEAM, PYRAMIDAL EUROPEAN (Carpinus Betulus) — Dense, dark green foliage on a narrow tree that stands shearing well. One of the finest, trouble free, small specimen upright trees. 3 to 4 feet B & B
THE LOCUSTS
MORAINE LOCUST—(Pat. No. 836) An improved Honey Locust with a round head when young, but tall and vase-shaped when older, attaining a height of 80 to 100 feet. Thornless, seedless, withstands drought and flood, easily transplanted, and long lived. 5 to 6 feet Whips (Spring only) \$5.00 1½ to 2 in. 17.50
MAJESTIC LOCUST — (Pat. No. 1534) A strong, exceptionally graceful tree of spreading growth habit. It is entirely thornless. The bold, abundant foliage is extremely dark green when mature. Flowers are occasionally polygamous, but seeding has been relatively light. 8 to 10 feet

8 to 10 feet _______\$12.50

G	CATALOG 7
	IMPERIAL LOCUST —(Pat. No. 1605) A new variety destined for recognition as one of the outstanding trees of this age. Branches are sym-
	metrically arranged, forming a regular and compact tree with dense shade. Thornless, and flowers are staminate with no seeds.
	5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only)
	8 to 10 feet
	less and seedless variety with branch tips of bright golden yellow, shading to bronze at the ends, contrast sharply with the rich green inner foliage to make it look like a flowering tree bursting with bloom. Has stately form with broad-pyramidal head.
	5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only)
	SHADE TREES (cont.)
	HACKBERRY—A native tree of the Illinois River valley. Has narrow, pointed leaves, slender branches and rough bark. An excellent tree for city planting. 6 to 8 feet
	1/2 to 2 menes
	KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA (Golden Rain or Varnish Tree)—So called because of the large clusters of showy yellow flowers born at the ends of the upper branches followed by seed pods which appear to be varnished. Never exceeds 30 feet in height. 6 to 8 feet B & B
	LINDEN, AMERICAN (Basswood)—Extensively planted because of their dense, attractive foliage and the abundant, fragrant, yellowish flowers which add to their beauty. Source of honey for the bees.
l	6 to 8 feet\$5.00 1½ to 2 inches
	LINDEN, EUROPEAN (Little Leaf Linden)—A favorite street tree because of its pyramidal form. Foliage dark green. Bark has a distinctive brown color.
	6 to 8 feet
l ;	LINDEN, SILVER (Tiliα Tomentosα) — Compact, dense pyramid in habit with leaves green above and silver below. Exceedingly lovely and still quite rare as this is an imported item from Holland.
	6 to 8 feet
,	MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA (Saucer Cup Magnolia)—By far the best of the hardy Magnolias, producing a wealth of delicate shaded blooms, just before the leaves open. The flowers open light purple at the base, shading to pink at the tips, with inside petals clear pink to white. One of our most beautiful ornamentals.

mentals. Each
2 to 3 feet 5.00
3 to 4 feet 7.50
6 to 7 feet 27.50

	MAGNOLIA STELLATA—The Star Magnolia is the hardiest of this class. A much-branched, wide-spreading, large shrub, bearing a great profusion of large pinkish-white fragrant blooms before the leaves in the Spring. Each 24 to 30 inches	MAPLE, NORWAY COLUMNARIS—Compact, narrow form of the regular Norway for street planting, accent, and formal effect. Particularly useful for shallow lawnstrips. 1½ inch
		$2\frac{1}{2}$ inch
	This tree is a hard maple type which is a cross between Norway and Schwedler Maple. It leafs out red in the spring similar to the Schwedler and holds this red color all summer. It can be truly called Red Maple. Each 5 to 6 feet (whips) \$5.00	OAK, PIN—Forms a symmetrical pyramidal head with long pendulous branches. The foliage is much cut and assumes a bright red in autumn. Because of its erect, symmetrical and rather rapid growth, it is much used for avenues and as a specimen tree on lawns. 5 to 6 feet
	6 to 7 feet	6 to 8 feet
	7 to 8 feet	
		8 to 10 feet, (1¼ to 1½ in.)10.00
]	MAPLE. HARD or SUGAR—Makes a round, dense top, medium rapid growth and one of the best for shade. Rather slow about getting started after being planted, but when once established, makes a rapid growth. The leaves give beautiful autumn tints of yellow and scarlet. Has no equal for shade.	OAK, RED—Has broad, round head with cut foliage of glossy, dull green which turns a dark red in the autumn. One of the finest quickgrowing trees in the world after it has become established. 8 to 10 feet \$12.50
	5 to 6 feet \$ 3.75 6 to 8 feet 6.00 8 to 10 feet 8.00 10 to 12 feet 11.00 2 to 2½ inches 17.50	oriental plane—The London planetree is one of our most useful street trees. It has a broad, course, foliage which resists smoke, dust and the ravages of insects. A rapid growing tree of permanence.
1	MAPLE DRUMMONDI (Harlequin Maple) — The	5 to 6 feet
	variegated maple is similar in habit to the Norway, but the leaves are edged in a delicate shade of yellow. A striking tree for contrast planting. Each 1 inch	POPLAR, BOLEANA (Silver-leaf Poplar)—This variety is similar in habit to the Lombardy Poplar but does not grow quite so fast. It has a smooth green bark and the leaves are silver
	1¼ inch	underneath and dark green on top. Each
		8 to 10 feet
1	MAPLE, RED (Acer Rubrum)—This is the true Red Maple and is distinguished by its smooth	10 to 12 feet
	gray bark and brilliant leaves in the fall. Requires a moist location. It makes a medium-sized tree and is quick-growing.	POPLAR, LOMBARDY— Very tall. rapid-growing tree with spire-like habit. Its tall, narrow lines make it picturesque compared to the more
	6 to 8 feet	rounded forms of other trees. Used extensively
	8 to 10 feet	in screens, or to accent shrubbery groups. Each
	0.00	3 to 4 feet Whips
1	MAPLE, RED LEAF or SCHWEDLER—Noted for its beautiful foliage. Comes out a rich, ruby-	10 to 12 feet
	red in spring, gradually changes to purplish-	SYCAMORE—Also called Buttonwood. Consider-
	green. Each	ed the largest hardwood tree in North America.
	1 inch	Reaches its largest size along streams and on
	1¼ inch	rich bottom-lands. It is one of the more rapid- growing trees. Needs moist location. The bark
	1½ inch	on the younger trunk and large limbs is very
		smooth and greenish-gray in color. The outer
I	MAPLE, SILVER—Well-known rapid-growing tree	bark yearly flakes off in large white patches
	valuable where quick shade is wanted. It is	and exposes the nearly white younger bark.
	among the first trees planted for shade by the early settlers.	6 to 8 feet
		8 to 10 feet
	6 to 8 feet	1½ to 2 inches
	8 to 10 feet 6.00 10 to 12 feet, (1½ to 2 in.) 9.00	2 to 2½ inches
	5.00 start feet, (1/2 to 2 m.)	THORNE, WASHINGTON—This Hawthorne is one
I	MAPLE, NORWAY—A native of Europe. Grows similar in habit to the Hard Maple, but more	of the best for formal plantings. Narrow in habit with a dark, green glossy foliage. Blooms
	dense. Its compact habit, broad, deep green	with an attractive white flower in the spring
	shining foliage, render it one of the most desirable for streets and lawns.	and is followed with clusters of red berries
		which hang on until winter. Very hardy. Each
	5 to 6 feet (whips)	4 to 5 feet, Bare Root \$ 4.50
	7 to 8 feet	4 to 5 feet, B. and B. 7.50
	8 to 10 feet, (1½ to 1½ in.)	5 to 6 feet, B. and B
	2010	6 to 8 feet, B, and B,

THORNE, DOUBLE WHITE WASHINGTON (Oxycantha Florα-Plena) — Differs from the regular Washington Thorne in that its double white blooms and red fruits are much larger, and it is more dwarf in habit.

WEEPING WILLOW—The well-known graceful Weeping Willow whose long, drooping branches densely covered with fresh, green leaves, make it one of the best-loved trees. Very rapid grower. Likes moist situations. Each 6 to 8 feet \$3.75 8 to 10 feet \$5.00 10 to 12 feet \$7.50

For Shrubs and Trees not listed B & B, additional charge as follows for balling:

12 in. Ball	\$	1.25
14 in. Ball	••••••	2.25
16 in. Ball	***************************************	6.00
*18 in. Ball	•	10.00
*20 in. Ball		15.00
* - includes	s delivery.	

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Nature is always bounteous in her gifts to man and has been unstinting in giving us a great wealth of shrubs with their perfume and flowers, with their vari-colored foliage and bright fruit. No one with home grounds either large or small should be without the enjoyment of these wonderful gifts. Who can measure the uplifting influence they have upon those who are enraptured by their beauty and fragrance!

They require but little care when once established and grow in size and beauty each year. They are very effective for screens, borders, and for grouping on the lawn There may be had a succession of bloom the entire season by

planting the various kinds, and many will hang with highly-colored fruit during the fall and winter.

There is scarcely a home in country, suburb, or town, the beauty and value of which cannot be enhanced by a judicious planting of the grounds, be they large or small; and for this purpose there is no class of plants that lend themselves more readily than the hardy flowering shrubs. In this part of the Midwest their importance has only begun to be appreciated.

To meet this demand we have added a number of desirable hardy flowering and ornamental-leaved varieties to our list of shrubs.

Classified Ornamental and Flowering Shrubs By Ultimate Size

SHRUBS LESS THAN THREE FEET TALL

Deutzia Gracilus
Potentilla Fruiticosa
Hypericums
Viburnum Opulus Nana
Ribes Alpinum
Spirea Anthony Waterer
Lodense Privet
Cotoneaster Apiculata

Aronia Arbutifolia
Symphoricarpus
Deutzia Lemoine
Kerrias and Jetbead
Hydrangea A. G.
Golden Privet
Flowering Almond
Euonymus Alatus Compacta
Dwarf Ninebark
Cydonia Japonica
Regal's Privet
Cotoneaster Divaricata
Spirea Froebeli

Caryopteris

SHRUBS THREE TO FOUR FEET TALL

Barberry, Red, Green, Mentor

SHRUBS FOUR TO SIX FEET TALL

Spirea Thunbergi
Spirea Prunifolia
Hydrangea P. G.
Rosa Grootendorst Rosa Hansa
Viburnum Carlesi
Amelanchier Canadensis
Euonymus Alatus

Calycanthus

SHRUBS SIX TO NINE FEET TALL

Honeysuckle, Morrowi, Fragrantissima Lilacs Mock Oranges Forsythia Viburnums Althea

Cornus, Lutea, Siberica

Witch Hazel Beauty Bush Prunus Triloba Spirea V. H.

Weigelias

Rosa Hugonis

SHRUBS OVER NINE FEET TALL

Honeysuckle Zabeli Tamarix Russian Olive Acer Ginnala Red Bud Rhus Cotinus Prunus Cistena

Flowering Dogwood

Classified Shrubs For Special Purposes

SHRUBS FOR SHADE

Barberry, Mentor and Jap Symphoricarpus Chenaulti Regal's Privet Alpine Currant Viburnums Witch Hazel Amelanchier Hydrangea

SHRUBS WITH COLORED LEAVES

Red Barberry Golden Privet Prunus Cistena (Red)

SHRUBS FOR FALL COLORING

Euonymus Alatus & Compacta (Burning Bush) Acer Ginnala Barberry Spirea Prunifolia

SHRUBS WITH ATTRACTIVE FRUITS

Euonymus Cotoneaster Viburnum Opulus and Lantana Barberry Jap Symphoricarpus Chenaulti Jetbead Aronia

— Quantity Prices on Shrubs —

All shrubs are tied in bundles of five or ten. Those varieties not listed by the hundreds, sell at 25c less per plant in quantities of 10 or more of a single variety; 35c less per plant in quantities of 50 or more of a single variety.

All prices are quoted loose root unless otherwise specified. We have most all of the shrubs listed in containers at 35c extra; these can be transplanted any season of the year.

ACER

ACER GINNALA (Amur Maple) — A graceful, shrubby tree, native of N. China, the foliage turning a vivid crimson in the fall. Planted extensively as a specimen or with other shrubs because of its form and attractive foliage. Cannot be considered a shade tree because of its dwarf habit.

3 to 4 feet \$2.00 4 to 5 feet \$3.50

DOWNY SHADBLOW

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS (Juneberry) — A small shrubby tree growing to the height of 10 feet. Blooms in midspring with a small, delicate, airy-like, white flower followed with a maroon-purple berry which is very attractive

to the birds. The foliage colors nicely in the fall. Does very well in shady locations. Each 18 to 24 inches _______\$2.03

ALMOND

AMYGDALUS (Flowering Almond)—Very early spring flowering shrub, gaily in bloom before the leaves appear. The flowers are an attractive bright double pink.

18 to 24 inches (from container) \$2.00

ALTHEA

BARBERRY

BARBERRY, THUNBERGI-There is no shrub in existence more commonly used for foundation and hedge plantings. Autumn paints the foliage crimson and bronze, and studs the branches with red berries which hang all winter. Each 18 to 24 inches _______\$1.15

BARBERRY, RED LEAF-A shrub of medium height, with distinctly red foliage throughout the year. It needs a sunny location to bring out the color of the leaves.

BARBERRY MENTORENSIS —Very rugged, strong, upright growing branches and quite formidable thorns, foliage is heavy and thick, and of perfect color—a green as dark as the Yew. In Illinois, the leaves remain green until after the holidays. In southern states, this barberry is an evergreen. Its most valuable attribute is its ability to withstand heat and drought. Will grow in almost any impossible location.

Each 15 to 18 inches \$1.50

BUDDLEIA

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)—A semi-herbaceous plant which begins to bloom in July and continues until frost. The flowers are of a pleasing shade of violet-mauve and borne in dense cylindrical spikes. Very fragrant and attractive to the butterflies

CALYCANTHUS

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (Sweet Shrub)-Oldfashioned All-spice, with glossy leaves and chocolate colored flowers, with the fragrance of the strawberry; the wood and leaves have a very pleasant, spicy fragrance.

BLUE MIST

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Mist)—A bushy plant from 2 to 4 feet high with excellent foliage, and covers itself with fuzzy gray-lavender flower in September and October. Sometimes freezes to ground but will renew itself and bloom again in one season. Each

WHITE FRINGE

CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA (White Fringe)-A large shrub or small tree with somewhat stiff, spreading branches bearing very fragrant white flowers with the leaves in late Spring. Used generally as a specimen and very good in city planting as it will endure smoke and dust, Each 3 to 4 feet B & B\$4.75

RED BUD

CERCIS CANADENSIS (Red Bud)—Before the leaves come out, the branchlets are covered with clusters of small, purplish pink pea blossoms. Native of the Illinois River Valley. The foliage consists of medium size, heart-shaped leaves. Very ornamental.

 3 to 4 feet
 2.50

 4 to 5 feet
 3.50

CALLICARPA

CALLICARPA DICHOTOMA (Violet Jewel Berry)-Gracefully recurving branches, covered in August with thousands of closely set small pink-tinted flowers. These are followed in late September by masses of violet-purple berries which last until mid-winter.

COTONEASTER

COTONEASTER APICULATA (Cranberry Cotoneaster)—A beautiful hardy dwarf Cotoneaster with arching branches which are covered with bright, shiny green leaves which color in the Fall and hang on into winter. The branches are weighted down during autumn with masses of big crimson fruits, the size of cranberries. Each 12 to 15 inches, From 1 gal. can ______\$2.00

COTONEASTER DIVARICATA—A beautiful hardy shrub of recent introduction from Northern China with spreading slender branches and beautiful dark green foliage persistent until into the winter. 2 to 3 feet

DOGWOOD

CORNUS ELEGANTISSIMA—The variegated red twig dogwood. Each dark green leaf is edged in white making a startling contrast with the red bark.

CORNUS FLORIDUS (White Flowering Dogwood) —Small tree-like shrub. It is handsome in early spring with its four white, blunt-ended bracts surrounding the dense heads of small greenish flowers, and again in fall with scarlet fruits and gorgeous leaf coloring. 18 to 24 inches (from container)\$2.50 3 to 4 feet B & B 7.50

CORNUS FLORIDUS RUBRA (Pink Flowering Dogwood)-Similar in habit to the White Flowering, but the blooms are pink. Each 18 to 24 inches (from container) \$ 3.50 2 to 3 feet B & B 8.50 3 to 4 feet, B. and B. 10.00

CORNUS LUTEA (Yellow Dogwood) -A shrub of medium size with bright yellow bark in the Each winter. Good green foliage. \$1.50 3 to 4 feet

cornus siberica (Red Dogwood)— A shrub with blood-red branches in the winter. Fruit bright blue and flowers white. Attractive to desirable birds. Each to 4 feet Each 1.50	FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA—The old-fashioned Golden Bell. Excellent for borders and screening. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 3 to 4 feet 1.50
CVDONIA	FORSYTHIA SPRING GLORY—This Golden Bell is
CYDONIA JAPONICA RUBRA (Japan Quince) — Old-fashioned shrub with glossy leaves and red flowers in great profusion in early spring before the leaves appear. This is a select strain grown from cuttings. 2 to 3 feet (from container)	lighter in color than the Intermedia, but a very heavy bloomer. There is nothing that will make you forget winter as quickly nor amounce Spring as flamboyantly. 2 to 3 feet
DEUTZIA	WITCH HAZEL
DEUTZIA GRACILUS (Dwarf Deutzia)—Seldom	
grows more than two feet high. Bears many lovely racemes of white flowers in late spring. Each 15 to 18 inches \$1.50	HAMAMELIS VIRGINIANA — One of our native shrubs which is valuable because of its ability to thrive in moist, shady locations. Small yellow flowers in late Fall which persist into winter.
DEUTZIA LEMOINE (Hybrid Deutzia)—Makes a broad, rounded bush of medium growth and has large clusters of white flowers in late	2 to 3 feet
spring. Very hardy and has an excellent foliage all summer.	SILVERBELL
2 to 3 feet	HALESIA CAROLINA—The silverbell or snowdrop tree is a large shrub or small tree valued for its
EUONYMUS	handsome, drooping, bell-shaped, white flowers in early spring. Followed by a small, dec-
EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Euonymus)—Has dwarf compact habit, wood very corky, which gives it the name of cork bark. Has small delicate flowers in late spring, followed by red	orative winged fruit. Each 4 to 5 feet B & B
berries in fall. Foliage turns a brilliant red in the fall.	HONEYSUCKLE
ine ian.	
15 to 18 inches	HONEYSUCKLE, CLAVEY'S DWARF - A new
15 to 18 inches \$2.00 18 to 24 inches 2.50 2 to 3 feet 1.50	hardy dwarf honeysuckle. Small yellow flowers in May, followed by large red berries. An ex- cellent shrub for thick, medium height hedging.
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15 to 18 inches	hardy dwarf honeysuckle. Small yellow flowers in May, followed by large red berries. An excellent shrub for thick medium height hedging. 18 to 24 inches \$1.25 2 to 3 feet \$1.50\$ HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA (Fragrant or Winter Honeysuckle)—A clean, handsome shrub with a long season of beautiful foliage. The bloom comes in very early spring, creamywhite, small, not very noticeable, with a fragrance like Colgate's soap. Has a red fruit in early summer which is attractive to the birds. Will grow in partial shade. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 3 to 4 feet \$1.50\$ HONEYSUCKLE MORROWI—The Jap Bush Honeysuckle is a heavy bush with dense blue-green foliage. Blooms yellowish-white and is followed with orange colored berries. Branches well to the ground. 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 3 to 4 feet \$1.50\$ HONEYSUCKLE ZABELI—This is a new form of the Tartarian Honeysuckle which differs in that it has a brighter red bloom and a denser habit. Foliage excellent blue-green throughout the season. Each 18 to 24 inches \$.90 2 to 3 feet \$1.25
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1960 SPRING	
HYDRANGEA HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)— The flowers are similar to snowballs in appearance, white and imposing, blooming throughout the season. Excellent for solid low borders and foundation planting. One of the few shrubs which blooms well in shade. Each 18 to 24 inches \$1.75	K
HYDRANGEA P. G. (Hardy Hydrangea)—A well-known shrub that blooms from August until late fall. The blooms are first white, then turn pink on the exposed side. It produces the largest flower head of all the shrubs. Will bloom in shady situations. DO NOT PLANT ON SOUTH FOUNDATIONS. 2 to 3 feet \$1.75	L
HYDRANGEA P. G. TREE FORM—The hardy hydrangea pruned to a single stem with a head that blooms the first year. Each 4 to 5 feet \$3.75	L
HYPERICUM	
HYPERICUM AUREUM (St. John's Wort)—Hardy, dwarf shrub with dark green foliage that hangs on into winter. Blooms in July-Aug. with yellow flowers at a time when most shrubs are out of season. Each 18 to 24 inches \$1.50	L
HYPERICUM, SUN GOLD—A hardy, shapely, dwarf, twigy shrub, which grows into an almost completely oval globe of 2½ to 3 feet in diameter, and about 18 to 24 inches in height, densely covered with foliage that is handsome throughout the summer. It bears its cymes of golden flowers at the end of every shoot of the summer's new growth. Its flowers are large and produced in immense quantities, transforming this lovely plant into a small mound of gold when in full bloom. Each 18 to 24 inches	L
HYPERICUM KALMINIUM—Similar in habit and bloom to the Aureum, but foliage is steel blue in color. 18 to 24 inches \$1.50	
KERRIA	
KERRIA JAPONICA (Globe-flower or Yellow Kerria)—A low, broad, rounded, densely twiggy mass, spreading and becoming a little more loose as it grows older. Blooms in midspring for a moderate period with orange-yellow flow-	w fr
ers. Likes partial shade. 18 to 24 inches\$1.50	
KERRIS JAPONICA FLORA-PLENA (Double Globe-	

Flower)—Similar in habit to the regular Japonica, only this beautiful shrub has double orange-yellow blossoms over a longer period of time. 15 to 18 inches \$2.00

RHODOTYPUS KERRIOIDES (White Kerria or Jetbread)—A rounded, open shrub, with spreading, and somewhat arching branches. Foliage bright green. Blooms in midspring and intermittently all summer with four-petalled white flowers, followed in fall with shiny black berries born at the tips of the branches. Thrives in adverse places, stands shade, crowding, and city atmosphere.

BEAUTY BUSH

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS	(Beauty	Bush)—This
plant is a slender but		
habit, with downward	sweeping	branches of
very graceful aspect. It		
foxgloves, bright shell	pink, and	produced in
bewildering profusion.		Each
18 to 24 inches		\$1.50

LILAC

LILAC, COMMON PURPLE (Syringa)—Large old	d-
fashioned shrub with bluish-purple flower	
Very sweet-scented. The most popular an	d
earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Eac	h
2 to 3 feet	50

LILAC, PERSIAN PURPLE—The finest lilac for
screen planting. Blooms the first year planted.
Very dense growing and the foliage does not
mildew. Each
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet 150

ILAC, FRENCH—Named varieties in Red, Purple, and White. These lilacs are more dwarf growing than the others and are all grafted to insure pure color as well as guarantee blooms soon after planting. 18 to 24 inches \$1.75

ILAC JAPONICA (Jap Tree Lilac)—Grows to 30 feet or more, with a short trunk and reddishbrown bark. It is conspicuous in early summer with large panicles of creamy-white flowers.

ILAC, VILLOSA (Late Lilac)—Sometimes called Japonica, this handsome shrub blooms after all other lilacs are gone with a rosv-lilac colored flower. Has the best foliage of all lilacs and is a compliment to any border. 18 to 24 inches \$1.75

We invite our customers to visit our nursery then French Lilacs are in bloom to select plants om hundreds in the field for Fall delivery.

SOURWOOD

XYDENDRON ARBOREUM (Sourwood)—It has thick, fissured bark; long, slender, pointed leaves with a sour taste, and small white flowers in conspicuous semi-drooping panicles. It is frequently in front of large trees, or as background for low borders, as the bright, glossy, green leaves turn a brilliant scarlet in the fall. Each

BAYBERRY

MYRICA PENNSYLVANIA (Northern Bayberry or Candleberry)—A compact, rounded shrub, dense and glossy, usually broader than high. Blooms in midspring with a reddish-green flower followed by small, globular berries covered with a whitish resin, born in clusters that are not showy until leaves drop.

N	IN	F	B	Δ	R	K

PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIA NANA (Dwar	f Nine-
bark)—Semi-dwarf and very thick and	
in growth, attractive light brown bark, o	
white bloom in late spring. Very good	
formal hedges or low borders.	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$1.25

PHILADELPHIUS (Mock Orange)

PHILADELPHUS CORNARIUS (Sweet Scented
Mock Orange)—Familiar shrub with vigorous
erect habit that has white blossoms near Dec-
oration Day. The breath of orange blossoms—
of such entrancing fragrance—intense from the
multitude of bloom, that is a necessity to a
garden, and works splendidly in all sorts of
plantings. Each
2 to 3 feet \$1.00

2	to	3	feet	 1.00
3	to	4	feet	 1.25

PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS — A magnificent new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semi-double and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year.

2 to 3 feet \$1.50

2	to	3	feet	 1.50
3	to	4	feet	 1.75

PHILADELPHUS MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE—
(Plant Patent No. 538)—A very hardy, new mock orange introduced by a Minnesota nursery. The name Snowflake describes the shrub correctly. When in full bloom, the foliage is completely obscured by the profusion of large white flowers.

Each

2	to	3	feet		1.50
3	to	4	feet	~~~~	1.75

POTENTILLA

potentilla fruticosa—A beautiful, small, 3foot high shrub, upright in growth, yet compact. Foliage is dense and fernlike in effect.
Yellow flowers, 1½ inches across, borne with
profusion in late summer. A splendid low growing shrub for foreground planting. Prefers
sunny location.

Each
15 to 18 inches
\$1.50

PRIVET

PRIVET, AMUR RIVER HEDGING—Well-known formal hedge plant for shearing. One of the hardiest types of plants grown. Does not winter kill like the California Privet.

1	yr.,	12	to	15	inc	ches	per	100	***************************************	12.50
2	yr.,	18	to	24	ind	ehes	per	100	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	30.00
2	yr.,	2 t	0 3	3 fe	eet	per	100		***********	40.00

PRIVET, POLISH HEDGING—Similar to Amur River in habit but has darker foliage. Makes excellent formal hedge with trimming.

-2 y	ears.	15	to	18	inches	per	100	\$25.00
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PRIVET, LODENSE—This is a dwarf bushy privet
which is excellent for low hedges. Foli-
age is very dark green and looks almost like
boxwood. The foliage hangs on until almost
Christmas. Each
12 to 15 inches
15 to 18 inches

PRIVET, REGAL'S—A low spreading form with gracefully drooping branches. The dense growth and dark green persistent leaves make it a desirable shrub for foundation or border planting, growing in shade and other impossible places. Each 18 to 24 inches \$1.25

privet that carries golden-yellow leaves, providing a wealth of interesting contrasts from early spring until late fall. Develops a neat compact shrub that can be trimmed into any shape. Suitable for use as an individual shrub, or for hedging.

15 to 18 inches

Lach

15.50

PRIVET, ENGLISH PYRAMIDAL—Habit very formal, requiring little trimming. Foliage, waxy, dark green and persisting into early winter.

15 to 18 inches \$1.25

18 to 24 inches 1.50

PRUNUS

PRUNUS TRILOBA (Tree Flowering Almond)—
The small, double, quilled, bright pink flowers stud every twig and branchlet in the spring before the leaves appear.

3 to 4 feet \$2.75

ALPINE CURRANT

RHUS (Sumac)

RHUS COTINUS (Smoke Bush)—A bushy shrub that has handsome foliage and large clusters of rather showy flowers, followed by peculiar long-haired seeds which give the plant the effect of being covered with a greenish-purple film of smoke.

3 to 4 feet \$2.00

VIBURNUM JUDDI (Improved Fragrant Viburnum)

- Distinguished from the old time Carlesi by

its darker green foliage. Blossoms are identical.

2 to 3 feet B & B\$4.75

1300 BIRING	
ROSA GROOTENDORST (Hardy Red Rose)—This plant is one of the showiest hardy roses in existence. It is covered the entire season with clusters of semi-double, red roses. Vigorous growing and can be used almost anywhere in the border. 2 yr. No. 1	SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (True Bridal Wreath)— Shrub of rather stiff, dense growth, with shiny foliage, turning bright autumn tints in the fall. Has tiny double white flowers in clusters, borne with utmost profusion along all of the branches as the leaves appear in the spring. 2 to 3 feet
ROSA HUGONIS (Father Hugh's Rose)—It is an extremely graceful, arching shrub, growing 5 to 6 feet in height. One of the earliest ornamental plants to come into flower, it frequently opens in April, covering itself with thousands of single yellow flowers of delicate fragrance. Its foliage is particularly dainty. Each 3 to 4 feet	CORALBERRY SYMPHORICARPUS MOTHER OF PEARL—A new shrub imported from Holland. The pink berries are on fruiting stems held erect away from the foliage of the plant. Very dense foliage. 18 to 24 inches
PUSSY WILLOW SALIX DISCOLOR (Pussy Willow)—A fast-growing shrub-tree, blooming very early in the spring before the leaves come out. The fern-like catkins borne along the branches make it very attractive. Loves moist places. Each 3 to 4 feet	TAMARIX—Heavy growing shrub with reddish- purple branches and bluish-green feathery foli- age. Flowers in large pink panicles in August. 2 to 3 feet
SPIREA SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER (Rose Spireα)— Low growing type of very compact, dense habit, with flat-topped clusters of rose-colored flowers throughout the season. Excellent for low foundation plantings. Each 15 to 18 inches \$1.50	TAMARIX CASCADE— New introduction of merit. The heaviest blooming Tamarix on the market. Excellent for late summer bouquets. 18 to 24 inches
spirea froebeli (froebel spirea)—Compact shrub of medium height producing numerous flat-topped clusters of orchid-pink flowers during the summer and later the foliage turns to the autumn colors. Each 18 to 24 inches	unfolding. Foliage brilliant in autumn and a shiny dark green throughout the summer. Each 2 to 3 feet B & B
SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI (Bridal Wreath)—One of the finest of flowering shrubs, and none so popular or widely planted. Its adaptibility to almost any soil or situation makes it one of the	viburnum dentatum (Arrow Wood)—Upright growing with light green leaves. Flowers greenish-white followed by black fruit. A fine shrub for massing or foliage effect. Each 3 to 4 feet

most any soil or situation makes it one of the

most desirable shrubs under cultivation. Each

18 to 24 inches ________\$1.00

Vi-

	large robust shrub with fuzzy foliage light green above and silvery beneath. After this plant has been in a border a few years, it outshines all other shrubs, with its remarkable foliage. 3 to 4 feet	VIBURNUM RHYTIDOPHYLLUM (Leatherleaf Viburnum)—A large shrub with stout upright branches, spreading and finally arched to the ground, clothed with thick, coarse, rugose leaves which hang on most of the winter in protected positions. Blooms in early spring with ivory white flowers, followed by attractive fruits which are red, changing to black. Each 18 to 24 inches B & B
	white flowers late in spring and is followed with juicy black berries. Each 3 to 4 feet	or Japanese Snowball) — A strong, vigorous shrub with broad-spreading, almost horizontal branches. Blooms in late spring with white, flat-topped flowers. Leaves are large and bronze-green in color, changing to dull red in
	and upright, with good foliage and especially decorative red fruit in large clusters which resemble cranberries and hang on well into the winter.	fall. Each 18 to 24 inches
	2 to 3 feet	
,	VIBURNUM OPULUS NANA (Dwarf Highbush Cranberry)—A beautiful new shrub with the foliage of the regular Highbush Cranberry, but never exceeding the height of 24 inches. Excellent for informal hedges and foundation plantings on low houses. Does better in semishade. Each 12 to 15 inches	WEIGELA VANICEKI—The color of the flowers is a pleasing sparkling ruby-red. They are produced in tremendous quantities in the spring and intermittently throughout the summer and autumn. It attains a height of 6 to 7 feet at maturity, and grows into a well-rounded specimen requiring very little pruning. Each 2 to 3 feet
	VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILUS (Snowball)—Old- fashioned shrub that grows anywhere and blooms well. Characterized by its large clusters of white flowers at Decoration Day. Each 3 to 4 feet	WEIGELA ROSEA (Rose Weigela)—Very free- flowering shrub. Pink flowers are produced in so great profusion as to almost hide the foli- age. A well-known shrub, fine for massing or for single specimen. Each 3 to 4 feet
	VI	NES
	Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay,	NES EUONYMUS—(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens). HEDERA HELIX -GRACILLUS (Baltica Ivy)—See Broad-Leaved Evergreens.
	Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines	EUONYMUS—(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens). HEDERA HELIX -GRACILLUS (Baltica Ivy)—See
	Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay, brickbats, cinders and building refuse, and the owner finally decides that vines are not much good; while if the ground had been prepared by filling in with good, rich soil before planting, and mulched heavily with well rotted manure in	EUONYMUS—(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens). HEDERA HELIX -GRACILLUS (Baltica Ivy)—See Broad-Leaved Evergreens. LONICERA FLAMING RED—New climbing honeysuckle of unusual merit. Flowers much larger and brighter than the old Trumpet Honeysuckle. Each
	Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay, brickbats, cinders and building refuse, and the owner finally decides that vines are not much good; while if the ground had been prepared by filling in with good, rich soil before planting, and mulched heavily with well rotted manure in the fall the results would be most satisfactory. BOSTON IVY—The most popular climbing plant for covering brick, stone, or wooden walls. The color is a fresh, deep green in the summer, changing to autumn tints in the fall. Each	EUONYMUS—(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens). HEDERA HELIX -GRACILLUS (Baltica Ivy)—See Broad-Leaved Evergreens. LONICERA FLAMING RED—New climbing honeysuckle of unusual merit. Flowers much larger and brighter than the old Trumpet Honeysuckle. 2 yr. No. 1

FRUITS

CHOOSE YOUR VITAMINS

APPLES

Price, 11/16th inch caliper, 2-year-old, \$2.25

Summer Varieties

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—This variety was introduced from Russia in 1870 by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is one of the very hardiest and earliest bearers grown, usually bears in the nursery row. Of vigorous upright growth, but never makes a large tree. Fruit medium, skin clear white at first, becoming pale yellow when fully matured. Fruit may be used from ten days to two weeks earlier than any other kind. Extremely productive.

Winter Varieties

RED DELICIOUS—Tree very hardy, strong upright grower and comes into bearing soon. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red. Flesh fine-grained, crisp, and melting. Juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. This no doubt is the most popular and highest priced eating apple on the market. Season November to March.

YELLOW DELICIOUS—The Yellow Delicious is identical in shape and size with the red variety apple. Is completely yellow in appearance. Flavor sweet, and flesh is very firm, crisp and juicy. A splendid market apple.

JONATHAN—For years the standard of quality by which other sorts have been gauged. Trees are long lived, productive and an early bearer. A brilliant red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality—being tender, juicy, spicy and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Season November to April.

Crab Apples

DOLGO—Fiery red. Bears young and abundantly. Tree very ornamental.

Fall Varieties

WEALTHY—Vigorous spreading tree, extremely productive. This beautiful moderate-sized brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardiness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habit makes it a very profitable kind. Flesh white and tender, reddish stained and of excellent flavor. Season October to December.

MULTIPLE APPLE

5-n-I APPLE—Scientifically budded to produce 5 kinds of apple varieties all on one tree during the season. If your space is limited, plant one or two of these novel trees.

Price Each, 4 to 5 ft., \$3.25

DWARF APPLES

RED DELICIOUS—Mall. IX	33.2 5
YELLOW TRANSPARENT-Mail, IX	3.25
EARLY McINTOSH-Mall, IX	3.25
YELLOW DELICIOUS-Mall. IX	3.25
JONATHAN—Mall, IX	3.25

PEACHES

Price Each, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.25

BELLE OF GEORGIA—Very large. White with red cheek. Firm and of fine quality. It is a rapid grower, very productive and a good shipper. Early September.

ELBERTA—Large to very large, yellow, with beautiful blush; firm, a little coarse, but tender and good. While quality is not the highest, it has made more money for the orchardist than any other peach. In all probability no peach has met with equal success in so wide a range of territory as this variety. Season medium early, following closely the early Crawford. Hardier in bud than most kinds, therefore a more uniform cropper.

GOLDEN JUBILEE—A choice freestone recently introduced by the New Jersey Experiment Station. Tree habits resemble Elberta. Brings top market prices because it is early and has a superior flavor.

Due to an old American custom, we close each day from 12 to 1 for lunch

J. H. HALE—Very large, golden yellow blushed red with fuzzless skin. Flesh is yellow, solid, tender, of highest quality and delicious flavor. Very fine. Freestone.

PEARS

Price, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.25

BARTLETT — The favorite fall pear. Good for eating or canning. Propagated from blight resistant strains.

DWARF PEARS

Price, 2 yr. old \$2.75

DWARF DUCHESS—The regular Duchess pear budded on Quince.

DWARF SECKEL—The regular sugar pear. None better to eat or for spicing.

APRICOTS

Price, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.50

MOORPARK — Very large, yellowish green with red on sunny side. Flesh bright orange and freestone. Ripens in August.

EARLY GOLDEN—The best flavored, most productive Apricot yet produced. Medium size, light salmon color, excellent quality. Ripens last of July.

CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.50

EARLY RICHMOND—This is perhaps the most popular and valuable cherry yet produced. It is very prolific and bears bright red, juicy fruit, rather acid in flavor and unexcelled for cooking. Tree very hardy. Ripens about tenth of June.

LARGE MONTMORENCY—A large and bright red, very attractive Cherry. A very pleasant acid flavor. Ripens about ten days after the Richmond. The fruit is much sought after on account of its large size and fine flavor.

DWARF CHERRY

NORTH STAR (Minn. No. 58)—Cross of Serbian pie cherry and English Morello. Small Tree. Fruit dark red at maturity. Stone small and free. Each 3½ ft. and up ________\$2.75

SWEET CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.75

LAMBERT — A beautiful cherry of large size, pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm and sweet.

BLACK TARTARIAN—This is the outstanding sweet cherry in our territory. Fruit is large, sweet, and of the highest quality. Tree is a thrifty, upright grower.

PLUMS

Price, 4 to 5 ft., each \$2.25

BURBANK—Fruit very large, yellowish in color with red cheek in sun. Extremely small pit. Bears middle of June.

FELLENBERG—Large, dark purple, and sweet plum. One of the best for home canning.

SMALL FRUITS

RASPBERRIES

CUMBERLAND—After growing and testing a large number of Blackcap Raspberries during the past years, we find that this variety is far ahead of any in its class. The fruit is black and large, with a rich flavor, and the canes are exceptionally free from disease, and is a vigorous grower. The crop is all ripened within a few days, making it a valuable market sort. We are now growing only this variety of Blackcap.

LATHAM—After growing this variety we find it to be the largest and finest red berry we have ever had on the grounds. It originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm, and is now recognized at the best of all the reds. It was first sent out as Minnesota No. 4. It is of extraordinary large size, bright red color and excellent flavor, and the fruiting season lasts over six weeks.

 Price per 10 transplants
 \$ 2.25

 Price per 25 transplants
 5.00

 Price per 100 transplants
 17.50

BLACKBERRIES

MIDNITE—A sensational new hardy, upright Blackberry, guaranteed to bear large, luscious berries year after year. Blackberry sterility has been eliminated in this variety by plant selection.

CURRANTS

RED LAKE—Berries sometimes more than a half an inch in diameter. Bunches short. Vigorous and productive when grown on good soils and well cultivated. Price, 50c eαch.

GOOSEBERRIES

2 yr. No. 1-75¢

PIXWELL—Very large fruit. Juicy and fine flavored. One of the best.

CHAMPION—A medium size gooseberry which is very vigorous and productive.

GRAPES

The vines we have to offer are all two-yearold, grown from cuttings taken from bearing vines, and are first-class in every particular.

CACO—Fruit is very large, rich wine-red in color. Flavor of the finest, very rich and sweet. Excellent quality. Ripens in September. Vines are hardy, strong and vigorous growers, very prolific. Price, each, 50¢.

concord—The fine old market leader, with handsome clusters of large and luscious fruit. Color a purplish black and of a most excellent flavor. Entirely hardy and productive; succeeds over a very great extent of country. One of the best known grapes and one that all other varieties are compared with. The grape for the million. Price, eαch, 35¢.

MOORE'S EARLY—Excellent hardy variety, bearing very large berries with a heavy blue bloom. Valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Ripens from two to three weeks ahead of the Concord. Price, eαch, 50¢.

NIAGARA (White)—A popular commercial sort. Berries and bunches are large; greenish-white in color, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Quality excellent. Price, eαch, 50¢.

STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries will produce more fruit to the square rod and in less time than any other fruit we can grow. They grow wild in every section of the country from Alaska to Florida. It has always been a mystery to me why so many people do not raise this most refreshing and early fruit. A few square rods will produce all that one family can possibly use.

PREMIER—This is the most popular early strawberry of the day. The berries are very large, long pointed, light red in color and present a good appearance in the basket and in market. No other early strawberry is anything near equal to it in productiveness.

DUNLAP—A perfect-flowers variety that fruits without being planted with other kinds. Is proving to be the most valuable Strawberry yet grown in the United States, and is a favorite everywhere. The berries are very large, bright red, well formed and highly flavored. Being a great plant producer, it does not require as many plants to set a row as other kinds.

 ROBINSON—One of the better mid-season varieties which is grown extensively by commercial growers. One of the recommended berries for freezing in your locker.

GEM (Everbearing)—Gem is the only everbearing variety that will make plants freely. The berry is dark red, pointed—about the size of Dunlap, of excellent quality and has a sweet, tart flavor. Gem commences to bear about 60 days ofter planted, and will continue to do well all summer and up until cold weather sets in. It can be grown on soil where an ordinary everbearing would be a failure.

Garden Roots ASPARAGUS

Is of the easiest culture and is one of the first good things you may have from your garden. The plants, when once established will last indefinitely and improve with age. The ground should be well drained and well enriched with barnyard manure; give liberal dressing of manure each year.

RHUBARB

McDONALD RED—Is far superior to any other kind of rhubarb. It is bright cherry-red in color the full length of the stalk, very large and a huge producer. Is extremely tender and has a fine flavor. The greatest commercial variety ever put on the market. Price, 75c eαch

ROSES

All our roses are potted in cloverset pots March 1 and placed in cold frames to insure an early start. The frames cannot be opened until after April 10. All rose orders booked for delivery after this date.

Our roses are grown under contract in California where the world's finest roses are produced. We guarantee these to be well grown and as good quality as you can get anywhere at any

price. We have field tested roses from all over the United States, Canada, and Holland, and have found none that will compare in quality with those from Northern California.

A few roses in any sunny location in your yard will give you more pleasure and satisfaction than any other plant. Ask for our How to Plant booklet.

Quantity Discount on Patented Varieties— Three or more of a variety, less 25c per plant. Quantity Discount on Non-Patent Varieties— Five or more of a variety, less 20%

HYBRID TEA ROSES

- **CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG** Carmine red to cerise. Long streamlined buds, and wavy-petaled high-centered blooms of incomparable form. Tall vigorous plant.
- **COUNTESS VANDAL**—Long, pointed bud, upright stems. Color combination can hardly be described, pink, copper, gold and salmon.
- **CRIMSON GLORY—**Color deep crimson. Glorious in its perfect form, large size and fragrance.
- **ECLIPSE** Bud remarkably long-pointed, deep gold. Flowers yellow on long, strong stems. Foliage leathery. Vigorous; profuse bloom.
- **KARL HERBST** Large, well-shaped, very fragrant, dark scarlet, lasting very well. Vigorous free bloomer. This is often called the Red Peace because of its parents, one of whom was Peace.
- **PICTURE** Very double, high centered, slightly fragrant, velvety clear rose-pink. Dark glossy foliage. Vigorous and free blooming.
- **REX ANDERSON**—An outstanding exhibition rose of delicate lovely ivory-white. Perfectly formed, slow opening, one of the few successful whites.
- THE DOCTOR—An international favorite. The buds are long and pointed, expand to a simply enormous bloom in their fully developed state. The color is an equisite silvery pink.

PATENTED HYBRID TEA ROSES

(All Potted)

ANGEL WINGS (Patent Applied For) — Long golden buds open to large perfectly formed creamy white flowers tinged pink. These flowers age gracefully; the pink deepening and suffusing through the petals. An exhibition type rose of surpassing beauty. Extremely upright. Vibrant green foliage.

BUCCANEER (Patent No. 1119)—Grandiflora type with brilliant flowers of non-fading, lasting clear yellow. Received Gold Medal at the Geneva, Switzerland trials.

Price \$2.7

- CARROUSEL (Pαtent No. 1066)—The large double flowers could easily class this rose as a Hybrid Tea, but the blooms appear in clusters so free blooming it is classed as a Grandiflora. Continuous mass of glowing deep red flowers. Tall growing and mildew resistant. Each Price \$2.25
- confidence (Patent No. 1192) Pastel blends of peach, pink, and yellow. Large, double, fragrant flowers. Vigorous, upright, bushy plant with dark leathery foliage.
- CHRYSLER IMPERIAL (Patent No. 1167)—Vivid crimson-red, an outstanding red rose. The buds are long and tapering. It is an excellent grower and free blooming. Winner of the All-America Award for 1953.

 Price \$2.75

bi-color, A.A.R.S. Award for 1949. Contrasting colors are startling in their brilliance. Inside of petals vivid orient-red, while the outside is chrome-yellow. Colors are lasting and bright. Price \$2.50

GOVERNOR ROSELLINI (Patent Applied For) — Rose red buds and flowers of hybrid tea quality. Warm fruity fragrance. Very vigorous upright growth. Abundant bloom. Awarded Silver Certificate from International Rose Trials at Portland.

Price\$3.25

GARDEN PARTY (Patent Applied Fo.) — All-American Award for 1960. Huge flowers of creamy ivory tinted apple blossom pink at the outer edge of the petals. The long buds and high centered flowers have excellent form. Well balanced vigorous plant; foliage olivegreen. Abundant bloom.

Price \$3.75

GOLDEN SCEPTER (Pαtent No. 910) — Non-fading rich golden flowers open slowly from slender buds. Vigorous upright plant. Free bloom. Price \$2.00

HELEN TRAUBEL (Pαtent No. 1028)—The color varies with the weather, sometimes a light sparkling pink, more often a luminous apricot. Iits unusually large and long buds are magnificent. Very vigorous grower. A.A.R.S. award for 1952.

KATHERINE T. MARSHALL (Patent No. 607)—A rose of rare beauty and delicacy of form, growing vigorously with large, open upright blooms of warm glowing pink.

Price \$2.00

KORDES PERFECTA (Patent No. 1604)—The rose sensation of the year. The intriguing color combination is completely different from any rose in existence. The cream-white is lined with pink, and the flower finally opens to a most pleasing, unusual combination of pink and white with a saffusion of yellow.

Price \$3.75

MIRANDY (Patent No. 632)—First place winner

of All-American Rose competition for 1945. Rich dark red. Marvelously fragrant. Price \$2.50

MOJAVE (Patent No. 1176)—A.A.R.S. Award for 1954. The color is a blend of salmon, apricot, and orange, and occasionally in cool weather the salmon changes to red blended with the other two colors.

MONTEZUMA (Patent No. 1383)—The bright or-

ange-scarlet of its fresh buds changes to salmon-orange in the open flower. The sleek buds are born in profusion. The plant is a compact grower with leathery, semi-glossy foliage.

Price \$3.00

1960 SPRING
PEACE (Patent No. 591)—Adjudged by experts to be one of the greatest new roses of all time. Magnificent large, very double blooms ranging in color from a deep yellow in bud, to creamy yellow with cerise-pink edging as the petals unfold, and finally an alabaster shade on fully open blooms. Very strong grower. Price \$2.75
PINK PEACE (Pat. No. 1759) — Offspring of Peace. The deep dusty pink blooms are freely produced on long stems. Retains its fine pink coloring throughout the entire life of the plant. Price \$3.25
QUEEN ELIZABETH (Pαtent No. 1259)—First grandiflora rose. Pure pink, and its blooms are set off dramatically by glossy, deep green foliage. Flowers borne on long, almost thornless stems. Cross between Charlotte Armstrong and Floradora. Price \$3.00
red blooms with 60 to 70 petals borne on almost thornless 28 to 32 inch stems. Winner City of Portland Award for 1947. Highest scoring red rose in 1946-47 nation-wide shows. Price \$2.00
starfire (Pαtent No. 1742) — Glowing currant-red high centered blooms; distinctive, fluorescent, non-fading. Excellent for cutting. Bronzy green foliage. A.A.R.S. award for 1959. Price \$3.75
SUTTER'S GOLD (Patent No. 885)—Be a utiful' long-pointed, yellow bud, richly shaded with orange and red. Rich tea fragrance not found in any other yellow roses. A.A.R.S. award for 1950. Price \$2.50
TAPESTRY (Patent Applied For) — Flame colored roses one day, yellow the next, with copper the day after, or all colors may come at once — it can't make up its mind. Spicy fragrance. Upright, well branched plant with glossy, dark green, disease resistant leaves. Price
TIFFANEY (Patent No. 1304)—A.A.R.S. award for 1955. A beautiful phlox pink producing Blooms of outstanding quality. The long pointed buds are deep pink with golden yellow shading at base of petals. Price \$3.00
WHITE KNIGHT (Patent No. 1359)—First white hybrid tea ever awarded the A.A.R.S. honor. Truly spectacular white hybrid tea with superb form of both bush and flower. 1958 A.A.R.S. award winner. Price \$3.25
FLORIBUNDA ROSES
2-year No. 1 Potted\$1.75
BETTY PRIOR—Produces large fragrant clusters

continuously throughout the season. Open live-

ly red turning to shell-pink. Desirable for mass

EUTIN—Large clusters of very double, deep red

flowers on a vigorous mildew-resistant bush.

planting.

FLORADORA — Bud small, globular. Flower very double, slightly fragrant, scarlet red to orange. Glossy foliage. Upright and vigorous.

FRENSHAM-The flowers are dark, velvety crimson in graceful clusters which are excellent for cutting. Many clusters of blooms with long stems and long lasting qualities are produced from Spring through Fall.

IMPROVED LAFAYETTE—Large clusters of bright cherry-crimson.

PINOCCHIO — Great clusters of gracefully pointed buds of rich salmon flushed gold at base open to long lasting "sweetheart" flowers. Very profuse bloom. Well branched plant of medium growth.

RED GARNETTE—Comparatively new variety of merit producing petite red sweetheart roses. The plant attains a height of only about 18 inches and carries crinkled holly-like foliage.

SUMMER SNOW—The most prolific of white floribundas with Great "drifts" of beautiful large clusters like mounds of snow.

PATENTED FLORIBUNDA ROSES

(All Potted)

CIRCUS (Patent No. 1382)—New multicolor Floribunda and only winner of A. A. R. S. Award for 1956. The predominant color is yellow with the tight buds richly marked with red. Flowers born in clusters and are fine for cutting.

Price\$2.75

FASHION (Patent No. 789)—Brilliant luminous coral flowers overlaid with gold, opening into wavy, graceful petals. All season bloom, large clusters and singly. A.A.R.S. award for 1950. Price\$2.25

FIRE KING (Patent No. 1758) — All-American Award for 1960. Iridescent vermilion — solidly brilliant. Long lasting fully double flowers of perfect form, open slowly from blood-red pointed buds. Upright vigorous plant with a quantity of dark rich green foliage.

GOLD CUP (Patent Number 1683)—Lovely golden yellow that holds its color throughout life of the flower. 1958 A.A.R.S. award. Price\$2.75

GOLDILOCKS (Patent No. 672) — Deep yellow; fragrant; continuous clusters. Bushy medium growth; disease resistant. \$2.00

IVORY FASHION (Patent No. 1688)—Long slender ivory colored buds opening to four-inch flowers; long decorative golden stamens. Fragrant, long lasting. Healthy plant to 30 inches. A.A.R.S. award for 1959.

Price\$3.00

LITTLE DARLING (Pαtent No. 1581) — Hues of brilliance from red-orange on outer circle to shades of rose-pink, to warm buttercup-yellow at heart. 2½ inch blooms borne singly and in clusters.
Price \$2.25
RED PINOCCHIO (Pαtent No. 812)—Masses of 3½- inch flowers in unfading clusters. Rich car- mine; gradually deepens as blooms open. Wild rose fragrance. Price \$2.00
SARABANDE (Patent No. 1761) — All-American award for 1960, Brilliant Orient red — a bright iridescent orange-red, accented with bright yellow stamens. Large, open semi-double flowers, in cluster, cover the plant, and keep coming. Low, sturdy spreading plant. Price \$2.75
SPARTAN (Patent No. 1357)—The wonder floribunda Rose. A brand new creation that is both beautiful and robust. Slowly opening buds of burnt-orange become orange-red and then reddish coral, with sweet fragrance. Amazingly hardy and vigorous.
Price\$3.00
TEXAN (Patent No. 1471) —Fiery red blossoms with yellow base. Continuously in bloom. Dark green foliage.
Price \$2.75
TOM TOM (Pαtent No. 1671)— Beautiful blooms of an unusual shade of rose pink. Very uniform, compact bushy growth. Bright green foliage contrasts with stems that remain oxblood red.
Price
VOGUE (Patent No. 926)—New floribunda with its own unique brilliantly glowing cherry-coral color. Individual flowers three to four inches in diameter are hybrid tea-shaped with perfect high-centered form. A.A.R.S. award for 1952. Price \$2.25
CLIMBING ROSES

PAUL'S SCARLET—Large well-shaped flowers of a vivid scarlet-red that does not fade.

WHITE DAWN—Best everblooming, hardy, bigflowered white climbing rose. Healthy, stronggrowing and pleasing free and continuous in blooms.

PATENTED CLIMBING ROSES

(All Potted)

DR. J. H. NICHOLAS (Patent No. 457)—Vigorous plant, dark green foliage, double deep rose-pink flowers 5 to 6 inches across with about 50 petals. Grows 8 to 10 feet in height and is everblooming.

Price\$2.25

GLADIATOR (Pαtent No. 1524) — Large, high centered, bright rose-red color. Dark green disease resistant foliage. Fragrant, everblooming.

Price \$3.00

GOLDEN SHOWERS (Patent No. 1557) — The first winter hardy everblooming pillar and climbing rose that actually blooms from early spring through late fall. Daffodil yellow, 25 to 30 petaled flowers. Very fragrant and almost thornless. Highly resistant to mildew and black spot. Winner of 1957 A.A.R.S. Award.

Price \$3.25

KING MIDAS (Patent No. 586)—Blooms with a profusion of large double yellow flowers. Price \$2.25

FOR MUCH TOO LONG we have been thinking of roses as weak plants which must be pampered. This is not true.

Actually roses are quite robust plants that are long-lived, adaptable and do not require constant care. You need only a simple program of reasonable care which requires little effort on your part and will insure a wealth of bloom from May to November.

In buying roses, one thing is sure: you get exactly what you pay for. You soon discover a pretty face is not everything. There are, however, several things to guide you. The main guide is grading. We handle only No. 1 Top Grade which are too large to appear in packages on counters in grocery and drug stores.

VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME AT THE HENRY NURSERIES TO SEE ONE MILLION HARDY PLANTS IN PRODUCTION

BLAZE — Sometimes called the everblooming Paul's Scarlet. Blaze give a plentiful supply of vivid scarlet flowers over a long first blooming period and then continues to flower intermittently all season.

AMERICAN BEAUTY—An old favorite Climbing Rose. Very hardy and a vigorous grower.

Color deep pink. Blooms extra large.

NEW DAWN—Everblooming climbing rose. Apple blossom pink flowers with old rose fragrance.



FERTILIZERS, GRASS SEED, INSECTICIDES AND HARDWARE

FERTILIZERS Vertagreen Turf and Tree, (10-6-4) 50 lbs. \$3.50 Hoffman Azalea and Evergreen Food, 5 lbs. \$0.79 Dairy Organic Compost, 50 lbs.\$2.85 G and O Rose Food, 5 lbs.\$0.95 G and O Rose Food, 10 lbs. \$1.50 Millburn Peat Moss, 25 lbs.\$1.60 Cocoa Bean Hulls, 24 lb. bag\$1.65

Ortho DDT Dust 50%, 1 lb.	\$1.19
Niagara Lead Arsenate, 1 lb.	\$0.95
Ortho Sulphur Dust, 24 oz	. \$0.79
Volck Oil Spray, 1 pt	\$0.80
Toxaphene, 8 oz.	\$1.20
Para-Scalecide, 8 oz.	
Tree Wound Paint, ½ pt.	\$0.75
Borer Repellant Paint	\$0.95
Borerkil, 2 oz.	. \$1.00
HARDWARE	
Trio Corrugated Aluminum Lawn Edging 40 ft,	\$3.75
Aluminum Roll Trellis, 10 ft. by 2 ft	
Aluminum Roll Trellis, 8 ft. by 2 ft.	
Soil Soaker, 18 ft.	\$2.85
Little Giant hand liquid sprayer	\$4.95
Niagara "Extension Pint" Duster	\$2.05

Science 10% Chlordane, 1 lb.\$0.70

GRASS SEED

Sod-Builder, Best Grade Sunny and/or shady mixtures	
1 lb.	\$1.10
5 lb. lot	\$1.05
10 lb. lot	\$1.00
50 lb. lot	\$0.90
Park Blue Grass, Best Grade	
1 lb	\$1.98
3-lb. lot	\$5.70

INSECTICIDES

Scien	nce Rose Dust, 1 lb	\$1.50
Scie	nce Fruit Spray, 1 lb	\$2.40
Scien	nce 57% Malathion, 8 oz	\$1.95
Scie	nce Aramite — 15W, 4 oz.	\$1.00



DESIGNING (LANDSCAPE PLANS)

We can give expert advice on all landscaping problems. Please bring a snapshot of your home and the foundation measurements, and we will give you a rough sketch free of charge.

For the home owner who wants the services of a certified Landscape Architect, we can supply permanent plans at cost.

LAWNS SEEDED

Seeding done at 3ϕ per sq. foot, using the best grade Sod-Builder seed, including fertilizer; or at materials (including fertilizer and seed) plus labor at \$2.75 per hour, plus 15%.

LAWNS SODDED

Laid in place but not including fertilizer: In the Greater Peoria Area\$52.50 per 100 yds. Outside the Peoria Area\$57.50 per 100 yds.

PATIOS

Dry laid using Lombard Reinforced Concrete Patio Slabs any size, shape or color pattern at \$1.35 per sq. ft. laid in place.

Dry laid using Lombard Terra-Crete Patio Stones any size, shape or color pattern at \$1.10 per sq. ft. laid in place.

For a do-it-yourself patio be sure to see and price our exclusive line of Lombard Patio Products.

ROCK WALLS

Dry laid using Fondulac Stone or Iowa Stone (each \$35.00 per ton), figured at materials plus labor at \$2.75 per hour plus 15%.

Or Dry laid using the same stone at \$3.00 per lineal sq. ft. plus dirt.

UNDERGROUND SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

Installed from separate meter provided by the owner from which to run the system at \$0.08 per sq. ft. of area sprinkled.

We handle the full line of FARLEY FENCES, INC. prefabricated wood fence. These high quality fences are designed and prefabricated independently for each job. Ask for more information at the Nursery office.

PLANTING SCHEDULE

We have an expert planting crew available for planting orders under the following schedule: MINIMUM PLANTING CHARGE ON ANY SINGLE STOP IS \$7.50 within a 50-mile radius of Henry. These prices are subject to change without notice.

EVERGREENS

Up to 24 in. each	\$1.75
24 in. and upeach	\$2.00
	\$1.50

SHRUBS

Any size, B&Beach	\$1.25
Any size, loose rooteach	\$0.85
Oven ten at one time each	\$0.75
Privet HedgeDouble	Price

SHADE TREES

Planting charge includes 25 lbs. of Pea	it per tree.
6 to 8 ft	each \$3.75
8 to 10 feet	.each \$4.25
10 to 12 ft	each \$4.75
Larger sizes, loose root	
All sizes B&Badditional charge	dependent
on size of ball.	

* * *

HENRY NURSERIES MAINTENANCE - - -

A SPECIAL SERVICE FOR OUR OLD AND NEW LANDSCAPE CUSTOMERS

We are offering this service to our customers who have had us do their planting or have purchased their plant materials from us. There will be a minimum charge of \$7.50 per service call. If you wish to have your plants given the expert care they deserve and should receive at the proper time please tell us to service your plants or lawn the next time you come in, or drop us a note about it.

TRIMMING — Materials plus labor at \$3.00 per hour, plus

SPRAYING — 35¢ to 75¢ per tree, depending on size.

FERTILIZING— Materials plus labor at \$3.00 per hour, plus 10%.

We are open on Sundays, March 6 through May 15 & September 4 through November 13. Our office is open 9 to 12 and 1 to 5 each day. The office is closed during the noon hour.

PHONES:

Nursery Office — Henry 4095

J. R. Ingels Residence — Henry 2764

B. F. Ingels Residence Office for after hours calls — Henry 4320

HERE'S ONE WAY TO WATER A LAWN



Gates Underground
Sprinkler System

No more garden hose—setting sprinklers—tiresome watering by hand. Just turn a valve and ... RELAX!

FREE ESTIMATE

without obligation on a professional installation.

BUT THIS MAN IS DOING A BETTER JOB



YOU WILL BE AMAZED AT THE LOW COST OF THIS SYSTEM, INSTALLED IN YOUR YARD, OR AS A DO-IT-YOURSELF PROJECT FOR THIS SUMMER.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF PARTS, AT ALL TIMES, FOR BOTH THE GATES UNDERGROUND SPRINKLER SYSTEM AND THE GATES GARDEN SPRINKLER KIT.

....FROM HIS EASY CHAIR







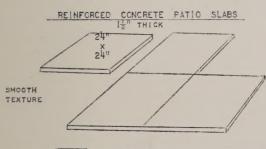


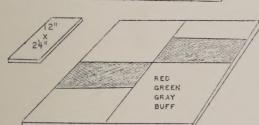
THE GATES GARDEN SPRINKLER KIT IS IDEAL FOR WATERING AS SHOWN ABOVE



TERRA CRETE
AND
REINFORCED SLABS

MODERN MASONRY PATIOS





24X24 EA. \$2.40 OR 60 ¢ P.S.F. 12X24 EA. \$1.20 OR 60 ¢ P.S.F. 12X12 EA. \$0.60 OR 60 ¢ P.S.F. \$1.35 P.S.F. LAID IN PLACE TERRA-CRETE PATIO STONES

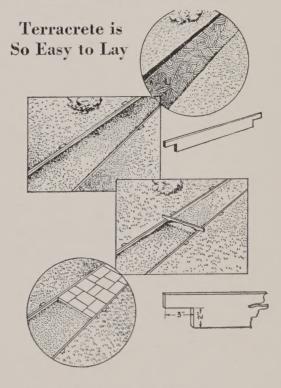
24 THICK

HOLLOW CORE BOTTOM
RESISTS SHIFTING & WOBBLING
TRACTION SURFACE
STONE TEXTURE



12X16 EA. 69 ¢ OR 48¢ P.S.F. 8X12 EA. 39 ¢ OR 48¢ P.S.F. \$1.10 P.S.F. LAID IN PLACE





One of Many Ways to Install

- 1. Dig out ground to depth of about four inches.
- Place 1 x 4s in position to serve as rails. Put in about two inches of sand or fine gravel. Sprinkle with hose to pack.
- Cut a piece of 1 x 4 to shape as shown, with 2" depth at point "A".
- 4. Draw board along rails, thus creating a smooth bed, exactly 2" deep.
- 5. Lay Terracrete in sand and fill joints.

When using two sizes in combination, we recommend laying the units 3.8" apart, and filling the openings by sweeping dry sand over the entire surface.

If units are all same size they may be laid 1" to $1\frac{1}{2}$ " apart, filled with black dirt and seeded.

